

English
Grammar
Class - 4

Chapter 1.

- A. Angel, Anger, Benefit, Bless, Boost, Day, Drink, Elephant, Fairy, Figure, Ghost, Honest, Hour, Inkpot, Jackal, Kind, Lovely, Match, Money, Nest, Orphan, Peace, Quick, Raise, Ray, Ribbon, Sunny, Travel, Ugly, Van, Wafer, Water, Zoo.
- B. 1. Rivers— Chenab, Ganga, Jhelum, Mahanadi, Narmada, Yamuna
 2. Cities— Ahmedabad, Bangalore, Mumbai, New Delhi, New York, Surat
 3. Games— Badminton, Cricket, Football, Hockey, Ludo, Table Tennis.
 4. Colours— Blue, Gray, Green, Orange, Pink, Red.
 5. Animals— Cat, Dog, Frog, Horse, Lion, Mouse.

Chapter 2.

- A. 1. The birds are flying in the sky.
 2. Is your mother at home?
 3. Manish is wearing his shoes.
 4. The squirrel is eating a nut.
 5. The fairy gave her a magic pot.
 6. He is singing.
 7. The tree has green leaves.
 8. The gardener is watering the plants.
 9. Will you listen to me?
 10. Keep quiet.
- B. 2. Take this. 3. The boys are playing. 9. Please ask your mother. 10. Anu drank a glass of milk.
- C. 1. The dog is eating a bone.
 2. The eggs are in a basket.
 3. I will cut the cake.
 4. They are climbing the mountain.
 5. There is a bird at the window.
 6. The deer is drinking water.
 7. Will you bring that chair for me?
 8. The ball went under the table.
 9. Raman is giving a party for his birthday.
 10. Did you give some money to the beggar?

Chapter 3.

- A. 1. I look at this picture every day.
 2. The shopkeeper sold thirty two copies of this book.
 3. The teacher is absent today.

4. My brother is very intelligent.
 5. The kind lady gave some bread to the beggar.
 6. We can play this game together.
 7. It was an interesting story.
 8. The monkey climbed up the wall.
 9. The fairy gave a magic shoe to her.
 10. The ghost was very scary.

- B. 1. What did she get on her birthday?
 2. How old are you?
 3. Who won the prize in essay competition?
 4. Who is coming to your house for dinner?
 5. What is your name?
 6. Where did you go for a picnic?
 7. Who is Mahatma Gandhi?
 8. Why are you carrying this umbrella?
 9. Will you come to my party?
 10. Who rang up Mr. Bhatia?
- C. 1. Statement sentence, 2. Question sentence – wh-question, 3. Question sentence – yes/No question, 4. Imperative sentence - Command, 5. Imperative sentence - Command, 6. Statement sentence, 7. Imperative sentence - suggestion, 8. Imperative sentence - suggestion

D.

Word	Statement sentence	Imperative sentence	Question sentence
Chair	A chair has four legs.	Keep this chair there.	Which is your chair?
Stop	The bus stops at the bus stop.	Stop at once.	When will you stop playing?
Bag	Her bag is in her cupboard.	Please pack your bag.	What do you have in your bag?
Juice	Mother bought a can of juice.	Just throw away this juice.	Where did you get this juice?
Rain	She went out in the rain.	You should use an umbrella in the rain.	Who knows when it will rain?

Chapter 4.

- ❖ 1. I will not give you my address.
 2. Please do not take this towel.
 3. My mother is not a teacher.
 4. We do not play in our house.

5. Don't jump from the tree.
6. The school is not open.
7. Don't leave my pencil.
8. She has notice.
9. Geeta and Rajan are not playing a game.
10. The doctor was not in the clinic.
11. I am not angry.
12. This girl is not beautiful.
13. We donot live in Rajinder Nagar.
14. They are not leaving the ground.
15. The scientists had not found the answer.
16. My foot is not wounded.
17. The train will not wait for us.
18. I have no idea.
19. These monkeys have no bananas.
20. The fairy has no wings.

Chapter 5.

- A. 1. yes/no type of question sentence, 2. wh-question, 3. yes/no type of question sentence, 4. wh-question, 5. wh-question, 6. yes/no type of question sentence, 7. yes/no type of question sentence, 8. wh-question, 9. yes/no type of question sentence, 10. wh-question
- B. 1. Will I be meeting my sister in Mumbai?
 2. Do I live in India?
 3. Was JawaharLal Nehru the first prime minister of India?
 4. Does Ritunot know anything about Rehan?
 5. Is our family planning to go to Mount Abu in summers?
 6. Did the doctor come to the hospital at 10 o'clock?
 7. Have I seen your pet cat?
 8. Have I been writing a letter to Simran?
 9. Is the dog barking?
 10. Is this my house?

Chapter 6.

- A. 1. Rashmi, 2. I, 3. Mother, 4. The driver, 5. The passengers, 6. The gardener, 7. Umesh, 8. Ravi, 9. This rive, 10. The boat
- B. 1. laughed at the joker, 2. is swimming in the lake, 3. is taking care of her son, 4. is poisonous, 5. cleaned her room, 6. is our national bird, 7. is going to the market, 8. came on a horse, 9. loves carrots, 10. is open

- C. 1. is going for a picnic, 2. are many animals in the zoo, 3. is empty, 4. is going to Panipat, 5. live in the same building, 6. are hot, 7. am a student, 8. is sitting on the road, 9. are hanging from the branches, 10. is torn
- D. 1. The teacher is very strict.
 2. The postman is distributing letters.
 3. Will you return my pencil?
 4. She is painting.
 5. The crows made a nest on the tree.
 6. The pumpkin grew bigger and bigger.
 7. Alice saw the rabbit.
 8. The fairy came to Cinderella.
 9. I will not go to school tomorrow.
 10. Ali is painting.

Chapter 7.

- A. One day a fat brown rat was eating a piece of bread. A lovely butterfly was sitting on a flower nearby. The flower said to the butterfly, "Look at that ugly rat. We are so pretty and colourful and he has such a dull colour." The rat became sad. He thought I will also try to become colourful like the butterfly. He went to a painter who had orange, blue, pink, blue, green and red colour in his box. He asked the painter to paint the colours on him. The painter laughed but he painted the rat. The rat looked colourful. A cat saw him. She could not recognize him. She was scared. Just then, it began to rain heavily. The rain water washed all colours off the rat. The cat ran after the rat to eat him. He ran and hid under the leaves of a tree.
- B. 1. drink, 2. cool, 3. sharp, 4. tasty, 5. pretty
- C. 1. Zoo— birds, cage, tree, lion, chimpanzee;
 2. Classroom— desk, chair, blackboard, chalk, dustbin;
 3. Furniture— sofa, table, chair, bed, stool;
 4. Forest— trees, grass, snakes, monkeys, birds;
 5. Market— balloon man, ice cream, toys, fruits, games
- D. Across— 1. Elephant, 2. Water, 5. School, 8. Parrot, 10. Wings
 Down— 3. Bread, 4. Feet, 6. Leaf, 7. Nightingale, 9. Sheep

Chapter 8.

- A. 1. Pallavi has a brother called Ravi.
 2. There are twenty two doctors in Gandhi Memorial Hospital.

3. The *girls* were playing some *games*.
4. The *men* asked Mr. Murthi to guide them.
5. Rajinder Prasad road is very far from our *locality*.
6. Lata Mangeshkar is a famous *singer*.
7. Ali gave a *biscuit* to the *dog*.
8. The monkey copied the *carpenter*.
9. Priya gave a *gift* to her *aunt*.
10. The priest prayed to Lord Krishna.

B. **Proper noun**—Pallavi, Ravi, Gandhi, Memorial Hospital, Mr. Murthi, Rajinder Prasad, Lata Mangeskar, Ali, Priya, Lord Krishna

Common noun—brother, doctors, girls, games, men, locality, singer, biscuit, dog, monkey, carpenter, gift, aunt, priest

- C. 1. Raman Duggal won first prize in the race.
2. The channels my mother enjoys watching are Sony and Colours.
3. Many mountain climbers want to climb Mount Everest.
4. Gurvinder and Satinder went to Alaska.
5. You should reach Ajmal Khan Park by crossing Pusa Road.
6. Amritsar is famous for the Golden Temple.
7. Tourists go to Agra to see the TajMahal.
8. I am going to Ahmedabad on Sunday.
9. Tell Mrs. Usha Bhatt that Shikha will come to visit her.
10. Sumit sent a message to his uncle that he was leaving for Indira Gandhi International Airport.

Chapter 9.

- A. 1. Please read these books and give us the answers.
2. Where are your brothers?
3. The trains pass through the forests, caves and towns.
4. The boys rode horses.
5. The children walked bare feet.
6. The oxen and the sparrows were friendly.
7. The teachers decorated the classrooms with balloons, ribbons, coloured papers and silver stars.
8. Give the dogs some bones.
9. The farmers called their sons.
10. The monkeys copied the barbers.
- B. 1. The goose has a shrill voice.

2. The crane ate fish and crab.
3. Woman looked after the child while man worked in the field.
4. The mouse nibbled the bag of food.
5. The deer runs fast.
6. The fairy lived in a beautiful white flower bed.
7. The boy climbed the tree.
8. The man sold apple, tomato, potato and mango.
9. The donkey carries a heavy bag.
10. Fox and wolf lived in that forest.

C. 1. Life → lives, 2. Prize → prizes, 3. Baby → babies, 4. Sunday → Sundays, 5. Horse → horses, 6. Foot → feet, 7. Bench → benches, 8. Knife → knives, 9. Mosquito → mosquitoes, 10. toy → toys

D. **DOWN**— 1. BUFFALO, 2. SHEEP, 3. KNIVES, 4. CALF, 5. GLASS, 6. FLOWER
ACROSS— 7. BOXES, 8. ELEPHANT, 9. CHILDREN, 10. LEAF, 11. WOLVES, 12. PRINCE

Chapter 10.

- A. 1. uncle → masculine, house → neuter, Son → masculine, daughter → feminine
2. doctor → common, patient → common, medicines → neuter
3. villagers → common, water → neuter, pitchers → neuter, well → neuter
4. girls → feminine, competition → neuter
5. principal → common, watchman → masculine
6. horses → masculine, cows → feminine, farms → neuter
7. grandfather → masculine, gift → neuter, grandmother → feminine
8. She → feminine, tailor → common, dress → neuter
9. tiger → masculine, animals → common
10. lioness → feminine, cubs → common
- B. 1. lioness, 2. king, 3. cow, 4. brother, 5. mare, 6. tiger, 7. cock, 8. waitress, 9. mistress, 10. lord
- C. 1. The priestess offered prayers to the God.
2. The landlord was very angry with the girl.
3. He gave some biscuits to the bitch.
4. The princess was riding on a mare.
5. The man took his daughter to the market.

6. Uncle gave his old clothes to the poor boy.
7. The cock ate the grain.
8. Sportswomen should take care of their health.
9. The bridegroom wore a silk dress.
10. The tiger was trained by the queen.

D. **DOWN**— 1. BELT, 2. HEN, 3. DAUGHTER, 4. KING, 5. HUSBAND, 6. BROTHER, 7. FRIEND, 8. GUESTS

ACROSS— 9. HORSE, 10. BALLOON, 11. LADY, 12. NEPHEW, 13. MISTRESS, 14. HEROINE

Chapter 11.

- ❖ 1. People enjoy Lata's songs.
- 2. I was chasing Amit's cat.
- 3. The diary's pages were torn.
- 4. The socks' colour had faded.
- 5. Ashima gave the room's keys to her mother.
- 6. I liked the dresses' designs.
- 7. The boys' hostel was far.
- 8. My father's glasses were lost.
- 9. The bags' labels were neatly put.
- 10. The benches' handles were freshly painted.

Chapter 12.

- A. 1. fine, 2. noble, 3. harsh, 4. soft, 5. clever, 6. clean, 7. wise, 8. crowded, 9. sour, 10. ripe
- B. 1. cover, stone, floor; 2. ground, board, box; 3. drink, water, coffee; 4. weather, road, surface; 5. water, room, clothes; 6. road, city, hall; 7. movement, train, walk; 8. boy, girl, cat; 9. place, garden, appearance; 10. child, dog, book
- C. 1. SMART, 2. BLUE, 3. PURE, 4. HEALTHY, 5. GREEN, 6. HOLY, 7. DRY, 8. LAZY, 9. RIPE, 10. BRIGHT, 11. COLD, 12. ANGRY, 13. RICH, 14. NOISY

Chapter 13.

- A. 1. A, a; 2. An; 3. a, a, an; 4. an, a; 5. a, an, an; 6. a, a, a; 7. an; 8. An, a; 9. an; 10. a
- B. 1. an, 2. a, 3. a, 4. A, 5. An, 6. A, 7. An, 8. A, 9. a, 10. an
- C. 1. An apple a day keeps the doctor away.
2. I looked at a building. The building had twenty three floors.
3. Ritu bought a car. The car was grey in colour.

4. The magician showed tricks with an egg, a scarf and a rabbit.
5. A crow sat on a tree. The crow was thirsty.
6. Give me a biscuit and an egg.
7. He drank a glass of juice.
8. An elephant and a tailor were friends.
9. The thirsty crow got an idea.
10. An angel wore a white dress.

D. A small girl lived with her grandmother in a village. The village was near a forest. One day the sun was shining in the sky. The old woman wanted to cook food but there was no wood. The girl went to the forest to get some wood. An owl was sitting on a tree. The girl asked, "Can I take some wood?" The owl said, "This is an orange tree. An elephant comes to eat oranges. First go and ask the elephant." The girl went to the elephant. He helped her take a lot of wood.

Chapter 14.

- A. 1. mine/yours, 2. hers, 3. his/hers/yours/mine, 4. ours, 5. theirs, 6. yours/hers/mine, 7. mine/his/hers/yours, 8. hers, 9. theirs, 10. ours
- B. 1. He, me, 2. She, it, 3. He, it, him, 4. them, 5. We, 6. us, 7. He, 8. They, 9. her, 10. me
- C. 1. I, my, me it, 2. They, 3. He, they, 4. It, 5. They, 6. It, 7. She, 8. They, 9. her, They, 10. I, my, They, me
- D. 1. I returned your book yesterday.
2. We told them to compete with us.
3. They played with a ball. It was made of rubber.
4. He went to see his uncle.
5. They went to the zoo. It was far.
6. Play this game. It is very interesting.
7. Ramesh threw his bag. He knew it was torn.
8. You are a kind woman.
9. The lady wore a black dress. She looked nice in it.
10. She went to her school.

No	Pronoun	About Pronoun
1	I	Gender: Common, singular, personal pronoun of first person
	your	Gender: common, singular, personal pronoun of second person

2	we	Gender: common, plural, personal pronoun of first person
	them	Gender: common, plural, personal pronoun of third person
	us	Gender: common, plural, personal pronoun of first person
3	They	Gender: common, plural, personal pronoun of third person
	It	Gender: neuter, singular, personal pronoun of third person
4	he	Gender: masculine, singular, personal pronoun of third person
	his	Gender: masculine, singular, personal pronoun of third person, possessive pronoun
5	They	Gender: common, plural, personal pronoun of third person
	It	Gender: neuter, singular, personal pronoun of third person
6	It	Gender: neuter, singular, personal pronoun of third person
7	his	Gender: masculine, singular, personal pronoun of third person, possessive pronoun
	He	Gender: masculine, singular, personal pronoun of third person
	it	Gender: neuter, singular, personal pronoun of third person
8	You	Gender: common, singular, personal pronoun of second person
9	She	Gender: feminine, singular, personal pronoun of third person
	it	Gender: neuter, singular, personal pronoun of third person
10	She	Gender: feminine, singular, personal pronoun of third person
	her	Gender: feminine, singular, personal pronoun of third person, possessive pronoun

Chapter 15.

- A. 1. was dancing, 2. gave, 3. reads, 4. went, 5. am, 6. is, 7. are waiting, 8. are, 9. were, 10. will be coming

B. There was a grocery shop in a town. Plenty of mice lived in that grocery shop. Food was in plenty for them. They ate everything and spoiled all the bags. They also wasted the bread, biscuits and fruits of the shop. The grocer got really worried. So, he thought "I should buy a cat and let it stay at the grocery. Only then I can save my things."

He bought a nice, big fat cat and let him stay there. The cat had a nice time hunting the mice and killing them. The mice could not move freely now. They were afraid that anytime the cat would eat them up.

The mice wanted to do something. They held a meeting and all of them tweeted "We must get rid of the cat. Can someone give a suggestion"?

All the mice sat and brooded. A smart looking mouse stood up and said, "The cat moves softly. That is the problem. If we can tie a bell around her neck, then things will be fine. We can know the movements of the cat".

"Yes, that is answer," stated all the mice. An old mouse slowly stood up and asked, "Who would tie the bell?" After some moments there was no one there to answer this question.

- C. 1. will be coming, 2. gave, 3. climbed, 4. painted, 5. will be leaving, 6. is, 7. are, 8. am, 9. has, 10. had
- D. 1. LOST, 2. NEED, 3. SHOUTED, 4. LIVE, 5. DIVED, 6. LISTEN, 7. HAVE, 8. HAS, 9. CLEANED, 10. SOLVED, 11. DRIVE, 12. RAN

Chapter 16.

- A. 1. will share –future tense, 2. told, thought –past tense, 3. look –present tense, 4. guards –present tense, 5. caught –past tense, 6. sleep –present tense, 7. will come –future tense, 8. is –present tense, 9. shouted –past tense, 10. will return – future tense
- B. went – past tense, was – past tense, led – past tense, met – past tense, stopped – past tense, said – past tense, are going– present tense, told – past tense, want – present tense, meet – present tense, want – present tense, make – present tense, said – past tense, can trust – present tense, will catch – future tense, will sell – future tense, said – past tense, will harm – future tense, am –

present tense.

- C. 1. flew, caught, 2. set, 3. wake, wish, 4. rides, goes, 5. play, 6. stopped rested, 7. drove, reached, 8. enjoy, 9. book, 10. broke

Chapter 17

- A. 1. is, 2. am, 3. is, 4. are, 5. is, 6. are, 7. is, 8. are, 9. is, 10. am, 11. are, 12. is
B. 1. was, 2. were, 3. was, 4. was, 5. were, 6. was, 7. was, 8. was, 9. were, 10. were
C. 1. has, 2. have, 3. have, 4. has, 5. has, 6. have, 7. have, 8. have, 9. have, 10. has

Chapter 18.

- A. 1. She is good at drawing.
He is good at drawing.
2. He wakes up at 7 in the morning.
She wakes up at 7 in the morning.
3. He takes his dog for a walk.
She takes her dog for a walk.
4. She helps her mother on Sundays.
He helps his mother on Sundays.
5. She likes watching television.
He likes watching television.
6. She polishes her shoes.
He polishes his shoes.
7. She cleans her car.
He cleans his car.
8. She/He eats bananas and apples in the evening.
9. She carries her lunch from home.
He carries his lunch from home.
10. She does her homework regularly.
He does his homework regularly.
B. 1. I live with my grandfather, grandmother, father, mother and sister.
2. We live in Greater Kailash.
3. I have a younger sister.
4. She can crawl but cannot walk.
5. She cannot talk clearly.
6. We play with her.
C. 1. Nitin is my best friend.
2. He is short and fat.
3. He cracks jokes and laughs all the time.
4. He is very intelligent.

5. We play and study together.
6. He lives near my house.
D. 1. The mice found some pieces of bread.
2. The birds build nests on the trees.
3. The children play with toys.
4. The girls buy dresses and take them home.
5. The farmers sow seeds and water the plants.
6. The crows sit on bushes.
7. The windows are open but the doors are closed.
8. Teachers attend schools every day and teach the classes.
9. The monkeys copy the tailors.
10. Elephants live in forests and bathe in the lakes.
E. 1. This shoe is big.
2. I ride a horse in the farm.
3. The child is happy.
4. Beggar begs in the street.
5. Doctor takes care of patient in hospital.
6. Eagle has sharp eyesight.
7. The crane eats fish and crab.
8. Dog barks at man who passes by.
9. Monkey hangs on the branch of tree.
10. Worker shares his lunch in office.
F. 1. visit, 2. eats, 3. combs, 4. learn, 5. brings, 6. is, 7. has, 8. climb, 9. shines, 10. wait, enter
G. There are many things I do not like. I do not like the hot summer afternoon because we cannot play in the park. I do not enjoy indoor games. I do not like hot milk. I do not like cats. I do not want to study when my friends are playing. I do not like my father when he scolds me.
H. 1. Sita does not bring flowers to the temple.
2. These mangoes do not taste sweet.
3. The teacher does not give us homework.
4. The old woman does not help beggars.
5. He does not climb the wall and does not come inside.
6. Rohit does not go to the market with his father.
7. I do not help my friends.
8. We do not think of the soldiers.
9. The train does not leave the station at 8.00 o'clock.
10. Barry does not break the windowpane and does not run away.
I. 1. yes/no-question: Does the white pigeon

stand for peace and harmony.

wh-question: What does the white pigeon stand for?

2. yes/no-question: Should we fight with our neighbours?

wh-question: With whom should we not fight?

3. yes/no-question: Are Saumya and Richa friends?

wh-question: Who are friends?

4. yes/no-question: Does Rishab act in plays?

wh-question: Who acts in plays?

5. yes/no-question: Does the frog croak loudly?

wh-question: How does the frog croak?
Who croaks loudly?

6. yes/no-question: Does the boat sail in water?

wh-question: Where does the boat sail?

7. yes/no-question: Do we solve ten sums every day?

wh-question: How many sums do we solve every day?

8. yes/no-question: Does the pilot fly aeroplanes?

wh-question: Who flies the aeroplanes?

9. yes/no-question: Do they always speak the truth?

wh-question: Who always speaks the truth?

10. yes/no-question: Is this wall eight feet high?

wh-question: How high is this wall?

- J. 1. How old are you?
2. Where do you live?
3. What time does the train leave?
4. Who guards the house at night?
5. Who steals money and jewels?
6. What does the shopkeeper sell?
7. What time does the play begin?
8. Who tears pages from his book?
9. What do the animals in the zoo need?
10. What should we not cut?

Chapter 19.

- A. 1. drank, 2. wrote, 3. called, 4. baked, 5. sold, 6. scolded, 7. pulled, 8. rang, 9. flew, 10. waited

- B. I sat in the school bus. I looked out of the window. A dog barked at the boys. The boys ran away. They went to an ice cream man. They bought ice creams. They gave him money and ate the ice creams.

- C. 1. I did not visit my grandmother.
2. I did not complete my English homework.
3. I did not go for a boat ride.
4. I did not beat my sister.
5. I did not clean my cupboard.

- D. 1. Where were the races held?
2. How late did the bus come?
3. How long did he wait for the train?
4. What did the tailor stitch for the little girl?
5. Where did the police find the boy?
6. What did Mr. Fox say to Miss. Squirrel?
7. What did she do with the papers? Or How did she carry the papers? Or Where did she put the papers?
8. Where was the cat sleeping?
9. Why could you not help your mother?
10. To whom did I give the books? Or What did I give to my teacher?

Chapter 20.

- A. I am going with Preetam, Jeet, Raman and Riya. We are going to a mango farm. Ripe mangoes are hanging from the branches. The gardener is sleeping under a tree. I am climbing the tree. Preetam is climbing with me. Jeet, Raman and Riya are standing under the tree. We are plucking mangoes and throwing them on the ground. Jeet and Raman are picking them and putting them in a bag. Riya is looking at the gardener. Gardener is waking up. He is looking at all of us. He is shouting and running towards us. We are running with the bag of mangoes.
- B. 1. are playing, 2. am reading, 3. is cleaning, 4. am driving, 5. is coming, 6. are twinkling, 7. is drinking, 8. is dancing, 9. are bathing, 10. is swimming

Chapter 21.

- A. 1. The fox cheated the rabbit (cleverly).
2. The boy finished the work (fast).
3. She combed her hair (gently).
4. The man pushed the gate (forcefully).
5. I played the music (loudly).

6. The dancer danced (gracefully).
7. The soldiers fought (bravely).
8. He lay in bed (lazily).
9. Rashmi was not (well).
10. We like to sleep (comfortably).

- B.
1. I heard some noise (downstairs).
 2. Look (in front) when you are walking.
 3. The children played (outside).
 4. Throw the ball (up).
 5. Raveena is sitting (there).
 6. The station was left (behind).
 7. The animals were locked (inside).
 8. The stone fell (down).
 9. The dog is running (away).
 10. Are you coming (back)?

- C.
1. They have not decided (yet).
 2. (Yesterday) they called me.
 3. You may come (any time).
 4. He was in school (then).
 5. Students cannot leave the class (whenever) they want.
 6. Please take your seat (now).
 7. (Last night) it rained heavily.
 8. I sent the application (last week).
 9. Uncle is coming to our house (tomorrow).
 10. Ritu will pay her fee (next month).

- D.
1. I (always) wanted to visit Venice.
 2. Mother (always) wakes up early.
 3. Gandhi ji (always) spoke the truth.
 4. The old horse has (never) run any race.
 5. The monkey (always) gave sweet mangoes to the alligator.
 6. He has (never) cooked rice.
 7. They have (sometimes) practiced Judo.
 8. The watchman has (often) asked me for help.
 9. The teacher (never) believed her.
 10. You should (sometimes) help your mother.

E.

Adjective	Adverb
honest	honestly
sad	sadly
quick	quickly
happy	happily
easy	easily

Adjective	Adverb
coward	cowardly
soft	softly
harsh	harshly
loving	lovingly
gentle	gently

1. He told the truth honestly.
2. She sat at home sadly.
3. Ravi went to the pool quickly.
4. They played happily.
5. I solved the sums easily.
6. The thief hid himself cowardly.
7. The singer sang softly.
8. The policeman pushed him harshly.
9. Mother cuddled the baby lovingly.
10. She patted the puppy gently.

- F. climbed – quickly, brushed – softly, throw – angrily, played – well, shine – brightly, run – fast, spoke – rudely, laughed – happily, danced – gracefully, work – hard

Chapter 22.

- A. 1. beside, 2. by, 3. over, 4. on, 5. near, 6. of, to, 7. to, within, 8. by, 9. in, on, 10. behind
- B. Miss. Sheela was teaching the students a recipe to make sandwiches. The students stood near the cooking table. Bread, sauces, jams and vegetables were kept on the table. The knife was in the drawer. She picked up the knife. Then cut the edges of the bread slices with a knife. She removed the edges from the table and threw them into the dustbin. She spread butter on one slice of bread. She placed another slice on top of it. Before putting the next slice on it she spread the mixture of finely cut vegetables on the second slice. Now the sandwich had three slices of bread with fillings of vegetables and sauces between the slices. Our sandwich was ready to eat.
- C. 1. at, 2. in, 3. on, 4. in, 5. at, 6. in, 7. on, 8. on, 9. at, 10. on
- D. 1. in, 2. out of, 3. into, 4. in, 5. into, 6. into, 7. out of, 8. in, 9. into, 10. out of
- E. 1. on, 2. over, 3. under, 4. above, 5. below, 6. on, 7. over, 8. under, 9. above, 10. below

- F. 1. among, 2. between, 3. among, 4. between, 5. among, 6. between,
- G. 1. behind, 2. in front of, 3. near, 4. behind, 5. in front of, 6. near
- H. 1. for, from, to; 2. from, to; 3. from; 4. for; 5. from, to; 6. from; 7. to; 8. to; 9. for, from, to; 10. to
- I. 1.(b) for, 2.(b) for, 3.(d) to, 4.(d) to, 5.(d) to, 6.(a) about, 7.(b) for, 8.(a) of, 9.(a) from, 10.(b) in

Chapter 23.

- A. 1. if, 2. but, 3. because, 4. when, 5. if, or, 6. until, 7. though, 8. and, 9. that, if, 10. if
- B. 1. Bani **and** Pavithra study in class IV.
2. Our Principal is intelligent **and** polite.
3. I take care of my pet lovingly **and** responsibly.
4. The fox tricked the duck **and** crow cleverly.
5. I went to the park **and** sat on a bench.
6. My uncle applied for a job **and** got it.
7. Timmy **and** I want to go to Kashmir.
8. I switched off the light **and** went to sleep.
9. Mamta **and** her sister like the cake.
10. The policeman followed the thief very quietly **and** cleverly.
- C. 1. Her dress is expensive **but** dirty.
2. He is fat **but** quick to move.
3. Father bought a car **but** cannot drive.
4. Bimla received a letter **but** could not read it.
5. Ramesh joined the club **but** did not know the rules.
6. Aunt wanted to buy the saree **but** did not have enough money.
7. I wanted to learn my lesson **but** lost the book.
8. They went to the station **but** the train had already left.
9. The glasses broke **but** we cannot blame you.
10. The Sun was shining **but** it began to rain.
- D. 1. The students can go to Shimla **or** Nainital.
2. You can go to school in a school bus **or** an auto-rickshaw.
3. Please use a pen **or** pencil to complete the letter.
4. Students may solve A **or** B part of the question paper.

5. Tell your mother **or** she will worry.
6. Ask someone the way **or** you will be lost.
7. I can wear my green **or** black shoes.
8. Would you like to eat the cake **or** biscuits?
9. Ronny could keep a pet dog **or** cat.
10. Decorate the room with yellow **or** pink flowers.
- E. 1. You cannot enter the class **because** you are late.
2. Mohini did not study **because** she had a headache.
3. The lion stood under the tree **because** he could not climb up.
4. Ruchi drank three glasses of water **because** she was thirsty.
5. I ate chocolate ice cream **because** I like it.
6. Mother took the baby to a doctor **because** he was unwell.
7. Uncle came home **because** his train was cancelled.
8. Kiran does not go out at night **because** she is scared.
9. The bear can perform tricks in the circus **because** he is trained.
10. I cannot hurt my younger brother **because** I care for him.
- F. 1. (i) I will stay at home if you are coming.
(ii) I will stay at home but you go and inform the teacher.
(iii) I will stay at home and relax.
(iv) I will stay at home because I have fever.
(v) I will stay at home or go out.
(vi) I will stay at home when it rains outside.
2. (i) You cannot sit here if your friend is waiting there.
(ii) You cannot sit here but you may take another seat.
(iii) You cannot sit here and not work.
(iv) You cannot sit here because your mother is looking for you.
(v) You cannot sit here or sleep without my permission.
(vi) You cannot sit here when you have been asked to leave.
3. (i) Mrs. Bhatia will celebrate if she is able to get the hall booked.
(ii) Mrs. Bhatia will celebrate but her

- friend will not join her.
- (iii) Mrs. Bhatia will celebrate and enjoy with her family.
- (iv) Mrs. Bhatia will celebrate because it is her birthday.
- (v) Mrs. Bhatia will celebrate or not?
- (vi) Mrs. Bhatia will celebrate when she succeeds in her task.
4. (i) The train will leave the station if the station master gives a signal.
- (ii) The train will leave the station but another train will be coming shortly.
- (iii) The train will leave the station and you will miss it.
- (iv) The train will leave the station because it is already late.
- (v) The train will leave the station or it will get delayed.
- (vi) The train will leave the station when the station master gives a signal.

Chapter 24.

- A. 1. Hey! Just watch your step.
2. Oh! You think I can't do it?
3. Damn! You spoilt the fun.
4. Alas! I was not there when my grandmother died.
5. What! How could anyone do that?
6. Bravo! That was a great shot.
7. Hush! The baby is sleeping.
8. Wow! You look great.
9. Yuck! This soup tastes horrible.
10. Yummy! I love this cake.

Chapter 25.

- A. 1. dessert, 2. hair, 3. their, 4. pain, 5. hole, 6. beside, 7. piece, 8. loose, 9. Our principal, 10. to
- B. 1. there, 2. hare, 3. whole, 4. meet, 5. desert, 6. off, 7. break, 8. bear, 9. waste, 10. too

Chapter 26.

- A. I. 1. False, 2. False, 3. True, 4. True, 5. True
- II. 1. Beautiful (X), 2. Careless (X), 3. Brave (✓), 4. Sainly (X), 5. Stubborn (X)
- III. 1. Beautiful, 2. Brave, 3. Wise, 4. Organize, 5. Suitable
- IV. 1. Janaka was the King of Mithila and princess Sita's father.

2. Janaka organized a 'Swayamvara' to find a suitable husband for his daughter Sita.
3. Sita met Rama for the first time at the 'Swayamvara' ceremony.
4. King Janaka had kept a condition that whichever prince will break the giant bow into two will win the hand of his daughter Sita.
5. Rama broke the giant bow into two halves to win the hand of Sita.
- B. I. 1. The sugarcane farm was on the opposite side of a river.
2. Jackal started howling loudly after eating the meal.
3. As a result of Jackal's howling loudly, the farmers heard him and came running. They gave a thrashing to the camel.
4. The camel took his revenge on their way back. They were crossing the river with jackal on camel's back. Camel rolled in midstream. Jackal fell off in water and drowned.
- II. 1. False, 2. True, 3. False, 4. True, 5. False
- C. I. 1. The motifs that are particularly associated with handicraft from Rajasthan include the camel, parrot and floral patterns.
2. Some popular handicrafts from Rajasthan are fabric coloration, tie-and-dye fabrics, block printed textiles, wood and ivory carvings, lacquer and filigree work, finely cut precious stones, dainty enameled jewelry, paintings and pottery.
3. No, all regions do not show uniformity in handicrafts in India. In fact the handicrafts are specific to each region.
4. The different patterns produced by technique of tie are lehariya, mothda, ekdali and shikari.
5. The best Bandhej comes from Sikar and Jodhpur.
- II. 1. (X), 2. (✓), 3. (✓), 4. (X), 5. (✓)
- D. I. 1. The common birds fly in the air for some time and then rest in their nests,

trees or land. The Albatrosses fly for years without coming to land. When young Albatrosses begin to fly they come to land after they have grown up – after five to ten years. Grown up Albatrosses come to land after two years. So they keep flying without coming to land for years. They even sleep while flying.

2. Most of the birds live on trees and make nests but an Albatross comes to land rarely. It sleeps in the air over the oceans or floats on sea. Most of the time it flies over the seas and oceans that is the reason it is called a sea bird.
3. The Albatrosses eat squid, fish, crustaceans, cuttlefish, small marine life and discarded food from the ships and drink sea water.
4. Albatrosses sometimes follow ships to find food.
5. The superstition among the mariners is that if you kill an Albatross you will be cursed forever.

II. 1. (b), 2. (c), 3. (a), 4. (c), 5. (d)

E. I. 1. True, 2. True, 3. False, 4. False, 5. True

II. 1. (c), 2. (d), 3. (c), 4. (a), 5. (a)

- III. 1. The boys won the National General Knowledge Contest and as a prize got a sponsored trip to three countries which included Egypt, Greece and Italy.
2. Visa a document issued by the government of another country to which we want to go. It is a permission of their government to allow the visitor in their country.
 3. Tower of Pisa was built over a period of about 177 years. Soon after the construction started in 1173 the tower began to sink due to a poorly laid foundation and was left alone for almost a century. When the construction resumed the engineers built higher floors with one side taller than the other to compensate for the tilt and the tower was finally finished in the 2nd half of the 14th century. Since 2001, the famous tower in Pisa is again

open to tourists. It has 296 steps.

4. Venice famous for its waterway canals. Just like roadways it is a city connected with waterways. It is connected with 150 canals with Italian architecture reflects in buildings on the sides.
5. The boys visited Egypt, Greece and Italy.

F. I. 1. True, 2. False, 3. True, 4. False, 5. True

II. 1. Personal hygiene is important because it maintains good health. It keeps our body parts clean and free of germs and infections. Cleanliness keeps us healthy, free of diseases and infections. It also makes us feel fresh and confident.

2. Personal hygiene involves keeping our skin, hair, ears, mouth, nails, hands and feet clean and germ-free.

3. It is important to keep our nails trimmed. Whenever we touch something dirty its dirt, bacteria or virus get into our nails. If we eat or cook food with these dirty nails, the germs will enter our body and food. These germs will make us sick so we must trim our nails.

4. The food particles get stuck into corners of our mouth and in between teeth. We brush our teeth to remove these left over particles. These particles get infected with germs if they are not removed. We should brush our teeth to avoid unhealthy gums and tooth decay.

5. Dirty clothes and socks have bacteria in them. The dirt and bacteria can cause skin problems.

G. I. 1. The term 'hibernation' expresses a stage in animals where they go into a stage of inactivity through the cold weather. It is like deep sleep to escape extreme cold.

2. In normal sleep, the animal moves a little, it has an active brain and can wake up very quickly. In hibernation the animal appears to be dead. There is no movement and it takes a long time for it to wake up enough to even walk around.

3. Hibernation is the way that animals

adapt to the climate and land around them. By hibernating the animals can save energy for its activities, do not need to eat, it is difficult to find food in winters and can survive in extreme cold weather.

4. Some animals which hibernate are - badgers, hedgehogs, bats, night-hawks, chipmunks, dormouse, raccoon, ground squirrels, skunks, hamsters, bears, bees, earthworms, frogs, toads, lizards, turtles, snails and snakes.
5. During the period of hibernation animals do not need extra energy for doing any work so they do not need food. They remain alive without eating during hibernation by using fat stored in their body for basic functions.

II. 1. True, 2. False, 3. True, 4. False, 5. True

- H. I. 1. The place shown in the cartoon is a restaurant.
2. The customer had found hair in his soup.
3. The cook is talking to the customer.
4. He has hair on his underarms.

II. 1. True, 2. False, 3. True, 4. True

- I. I. 1. A small boy finds a big worm on his way back home from school. He picks up the worm and takes it home. He shows the worm to his mother. His mother asks him to put away the worm. The boy decides to leave the house with the worm. When he takes out the worm he finds the worm floppy and smelling bad. He sets the worm free.
2. The boy found the worm on a rainy day when he was going back home from school.
3. His mother asked him to put the worm back in the ground. She refused to let the boy keep the worm.
4. The boy changed his mind about the worm when he notices the worm was floppy and it smelled bad. He thought the worm was not fit.
5. He set the worm free on the ground in the park.

II. school – cool, hand – grand, lot – caught, find – mind, found – ground, no – go, bench – stench, bit – fit, free – be.

III. Yes, I think children do such things in real life too.

- J. I. 1. The boy's dog chewed up his homework and shred it to pieces. He slobbered on it too.
2. The boy took the torn home work to school.
3. The boy decides to show the shredded homework to his teacher and leave it there if he does not get an A.
4. The boy is not upset or worried that his homework is torn.

II. night – sight, too – goo, anyway – A.

Chapter 27.

Story Writing

- A. Once, a small girl named Radhika lived near a forest with her old grandmother. Grandmother could not see properly so she called the village doctor. The doctor said that Radhika should go to the forest and bring some special plants. The doctor would make a medicine and put it in grandmother's eyes. Radhika was very brave and loved her grandmother.

She went to the forest. She searched all day but did not find the plant. She was hungry so she sat down and opened her lunch box. Just as she was about to eat it she heard a sound. An old woman was sitting there asking for food. Radhika gave her lunch to the old woman. She was about to go, the old woman said that she had nothing to give to Radhika but some plants. She asked, "Is this what you are looking for?" Radhika was surprised. The woman gave the plants she was looking for.

Radhika was very happy to get the plants. She came home. The doctor made a medicine from it and put its extract in grandmother's eyes. Grandmother was able to see. Everyone was happy.

- B. A small boy saw a man having a multi-colour painted pot. He wanted the pot. He asked the man if he would sell the pot. The man said, "I have worked hard to make this pot. You make your own pot. I can tell you the method." The

boy learnt it. He first went to the potter to get the pot made. The potter asked for clay. The boy went to the river-bank and dug out some clay. It was dry so he went to the river and took some water in the bucket. He added water to the soil and gave it to the potter. The potter made a beautiful pot. The boy took it to the painter and he painted it. The boy was very happy.

- C. Monu was a naughty monkey. He used to trouble everyone. He used to copy people. One day he went to Bhanu's house. Bhanu was reading his

book. He left the book and went to speak to his mother. Monu came and ran away with Bhanu's book. He climbed up and sat on a tree nearby. Bhanu came back and saw Monu acting to be reading the book. Bhanu was very angry. He threw a stone at Monu. Monu threw back some leaves from the tree. Bhanu was very clever. He got another book and pretended to read. Monu copied him. Bhanu got up and threw the book away. Monu copied him. Just as Monu threw the book Bhanu picked it up.